THE COMPANIES LAW, CAP. 113

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM

AND

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

GLOBE INVEST LIMITED

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

GLOBE INVEST LIMITED

1. The name of the Company is:

GLOBE INVEST LIMITED

- 2. The registered office of the Company will be situated in Cyprus.
- 3. The objects for which the Company is established are:
 - (1) To act as family office of its shareholder (and his family).
 - (2) To facilitate the preservation and creation of wealth of the Company shareholder (and his family) through oversight and support of existing and new investments, always being cognisant of strong corporate governance and due diligence values, controls and principles.
 - (3) To fulfil its social mission for the creation of jobs and new businesses through assisting new entepreneurs and start-ups, primarily in FinTech and e-commerce.
 - (4) To protect and enhance the reputation of the Company's shareholder (and his family) and his legacy.
 - (5) To create an educational structure to ensure the responsibilities of utilising and managing the wealth, values, principles and legacy of the Company's shareholder (and his family) are preserved for future generations.

- (6) To manage, represent, oversee and monitor the wealth, interests and investments of the Company and/or the Company's shareholder (and his family) in other companies (in Cyprus and/or abroad).
- (7) To offer administration, managerial and/or consulting services of any kind, including but not limited to corporate governance and/or structuring, tax and/or inheritance planning, business stategy, AML, GDPR, project financing and securities structuress, perform financial analysis of any investment, operation, transaction, business, asset, financing
- (8) To identify potential financial providers, offer assistance and guidance in negotiations with such financing provider(s and/or participate to such negotiations for and on behalf of the Company.
- (9) To assist with any introductions to and communication with banks and/or banking institutions, assist with account opening, operation and/or closing;
- (10) To offer PR and Media advice and assist with the introduction to and communication with PR and Media firms:
- (11) To assist in any way necessary in order for the Company's shareholder (and his family) to meet its financial and lifestyle needs, including but not limited with respect to household bill payments, travel coordination, educational matters, charities/donations, managing household staff, overseeing rental properties, conducting employment and background checks, security matters and more.
- (12) To acquire and hold controlling and other interest in the share or loan capital of any company or companies of any nature.
- (13) To acquire either by original subscription at the incorporation or by contract by sale or by exchange or through nominees and to possess, exploit, charge, exchange, withhold, sell or otherwise alienate under any conditions any of the shares, stocks, debentures and debenture stocks, bills of exchange, promissory notes and securities of any nature issued or quaranteed of any government of any state, natural or legal person, partnership, local or other authority, anywhere situated and either those are all wholly paid or not and under any conditions will be deemed fit and to aquire, possess, exploit, sell or otherwise alienate or charge under any conditions which will be deemed fit the total or part of the interest to any works or business of

any patents, concessions, plans, trading bodies, rights of intellectual ownership, secret methods, promotions, inventions, rights and titles for royalties or otherwise and either those are exclusive or not or are on a restricted basis or otherwise.

- (14) To provide managerial and administrative advice, services and assistance for any company in which the company is interested and for any other company.
- other staff and workers or their services or any of them and in any way and manner acquire, possess, manufacture or assemble any property of any kind or description whatsoever (including any rights over or in connection with such property) and to allocate and make available the aforesaid personnel or services or make the use of such property available on hire purchase, sale, exchange or in any other manner whatsoever, to those requiring or requesting the same or who have need of the same or their use and otherwise to utilise the same for the benefit or advantage of the Company; to provide or procure the provision by others of every and any service, need want or requirement of any business nature required by any person firm or company in or in connection with any business carried on by them.
- (16) To carry on any other business or activity which may seem to the directors capable of being conveniently or advantageously carried on or done in connection with any of the above objects or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render more profitable any of the company's business property or rights.
- (17) To purchase, obtain by way of gift, take on lease or sub-lease or in exchange, or otherwise acquire or possess and hold for any estate or interest any lands, buildings, leasements, rights, privileges, concessions, permits, licences, stock-in-trade, and movable and immovable property of any kind and description (whether mortgages, charged or not) necessary or convenient for the purpose of or in connection with the company's business or any branch or department thereof or which may enhance the value of any other property of the company.
- (18) To erect, maintain, work, manage, construct, reconstruct, alter, enlarge, repair, improve, adapt, furnish, decorate, control, pull down, replace any shops, offices, flats, electric or water works, apartments, workshops, mills, lightouses, churches, plants, machinery,

warehouses and any other works, buildings, plants, conveniences or structures whatsoever, which the company may consider desirable for the purposes of its business and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof.

- (19) To improve, manage, control, cultivate, develop, exploit, exchange, let on lease or otherwise, mortgage, charge, sell, dispose of, grant as gift, turn to account, grant rights and privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property, assets and rights of the company or in which the company is interested and to adopt such means of making known and advertising the business and products of the company as may seem expedient.
- (20) To manufacture, repair, import, buy, sell, export, let or hire and generally trade or deal in, any kind of accessories, articles, apparatus, plant, machinery, tools, goods, properties, rights or things of any description capable of being used or dealt with by the company in connection with any of its objects.
- (21) To deal in, utilise for building or other purposes, let on lease or sublease or on hire, to assign or grant licence over, charge or mortgage, the whole or any part or parts of the immovable property belonging to the company or any rights therein or in which the company is interested on such terms as the company shall determine.
- (22) To purchase or otherwise acquire all or any part of the business, assets, property and liabilities of any company, society, partnership or person, formed for all or any part of the purposes within the objects of this company, or carrying on any business or intending to carry on any business which this company is authorised to carry on, or possessing property suitable for the purposes of the company and to undertake, conduct and carry on, or liquidate and windup, any such business and in consideration of such acquisition to pay in cash, issue shares, undertake any liabilities or acquire any interest in the vendor's business.
- (23) To apply for and take out, purchase or otherwise acquire any designs, trademarks, patents, patent rights or inventions, brevets d'invention, copyright or secret processes, which may be useful for the company's objects and to grant licences to use the same.

- (24) To pay all costs, charges, and expenses incurred or sustained in or about the promotion, formation and establishment of the company, or which the company shall consider to be in the nature of preliminary expenses or expenses incurred prior to incorporation and with a view to incorporation, including therein professional fees, the cost of advertising, taxes, commissions for underwriting, brokerage, printing and stationery, salaries to employees and other similar expenses and expenses attendant upon the formation and functioning of agencies local boards or local administration or other bodies, or expenses relating to any business or work carried on or performed prior to incorporation, which the company decides to take over or continue.
- (25) Upon any issue of shares, debentures or other securities of the company to employ brokers, commission agents and underwriters, and to provide for the remuneration of such persons for their services by payment in cash or by the issue of shares debentures or other securities of the company, or by the granting of options to take the same, or in any other manner allowed by law.
- (26) To borrow, raise money or secure obligations (whether of the company or any other person) in such manner on such terms as may seem expedient, including the issue of debentures, debenture stock (perpetual or terminable), bonds, mortgages or any other securities, founded or based upon all or any of the property and rights of the company, including its uncalled capital, or without any such security, and upon such terms as to priority or otherwise, as may be thought fit.
- (27) To borrow jointly, and/or severally with others, money for any cause, to issue guarantees and securities for the liabilities and obligations or others and in general without restrictions in any way and in any method or methods to provide financial, trading or other assistance or help or support of any nature to others provided that for the purposes of the present paragraph the word others shall mean and shall include only any ship's administration or other companies which belong to the same group of companies as this company or are controlled or possessed by majority by the same shareholders administrators or is exploited by the same administrators.
- (28) To lend and advance money or give credit to any person, firm or company, to guarantee, and give guarantees or indemnities for the payment of money or the performance of contracts or obligations by any persons, firm or company; to secure or undertake in any way the repayment of money lent or advanced to or the liabilities incurred by

- any person, firm or company; and otherwise to assist any person or company as may be thought fit.
- (29) To draw, execute, issue, make, endorse, discount and negotiate bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading and other negotiable or transferable instruments or securities.
- (30) To receive money on deposit, with or without allowance of interest therein.
- (31) To advance and lend money upon such security as may be thought proper, or without any security thereof.
- (32) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner, other than in the shares of this company, as from time to time may be determined by the Directors.
- (33) To issue, or guarantee the issue of or the payment of interest on, the shares, debentures, debenture stock, or other securities or obligations of any company or association, and to pay or provide for brokerage, commission, and underwriting in respect of any such issue.
- (34) To acquire by subscription, purchase or otherwise, and to accept, take, hold, deal in, convert and sell, any kind of shares, stock, debentures or other securities or interests in any other company, society or undertaking whatsoever.
- (35) To issue and allot fully or partly paid shares in the capital of the company or issue debentures or securities in payment or part payment of any movable or immovable property purchased or otherwise acquired by the company or any services rendered to the company and to remunerate in cash or otherwise any person, firm or company rendering services to this company or grant donations to such persons.
- (36) To establish anywhere in the world, branch offices, regional offices, agencies and local boards and to regulate and to discontinue the same.
- (37) To provide for the welfare of officers or of persons in the employment of the Company, or former officers or formerly in the employment of the Company or its predecessors in business or officers or employees of any subsidiary or associated or allied company, of this company,

and the wives, widows, dependants and families of such persons, by grants of money, pensions or other payments, (including payments of insurance premiums) and to form, subscribe to, or otherwise aid, any trust, fund or scheme for the benefit of such persons, and any benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institution or object of any kind, which shall have any moral or other claims to support or aid, by the Company by reason of the nature or the locality of its operations or otherwise.

- (38) From time to time to subscribe or contribute to any charitable, benevolent, or useful object of a public character the support of which will, in the opinion of the Company, tend to increase its repute or popularity among its employees, its customers, or the public.
- (39) To enter into and carry into effect any arrangement for joint working in business, union of interests, limiting competition, partnership or for shares of profits, or for amalgamation, with any other company, partnership or person, carrying on business within the objects of this company.
- (40) To establish, promote and otherwise assist, any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring any of the property or further any of the objects of this company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company.
- (41) To apply for, promote, and obtain any law, order, regulation, by-law, degree, charter, concession, right, privilege, licence or permit for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution, or for any other purpose which may seem expedient, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may, calculated directly or indirectly, prejudice the Company's interest and to enter into and execute any arrangement with any government or authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them.
- (42) To sell, dispose or, mortgage, charge, grant rights or options or transfer the business, property and undertakings of the Company, or any part or parts thereof for any consideration which the Company may see fit to accept.
- (43) To accept stock or shares in, or the debentures, mortgage debentures or other securities of any other company in payment or part payment

for any services rendered or for any sale made to or debt owing from any such company.

- (44) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the Company among its members and particularly the shares, debentures or other securities of any other company belonging to this Company or which this Company may have the power of disposing.
- (45) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorised in any part of the world either along or in conjunction with, or as factors, trustees, principals, sub-contractors or agents for any other company, firm or persons, or by or through any factors, trustees, sub-contractors or agents.
- (46) To procure the registration, migration, continuation or recognition of the Company in any country or place.
- (47) To act as secretary, manager, director or treasurer of any other company.
- (48) Generally to do all such other things as may appear to the company to be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

The objects set forth in any sub-clause of this clause shall not be restrictively construed but the widest interpretation shall be given thereto, and they shall not, except when the context expressly so requires, be in any way limited to or restricted by reference to or interference from any other object or objects set forth in such sub-clause or from the terms of any other sub-clause or marginal title or by the name of the Company. None of such sub-clauses or object therein specified or the powers thereby conferred shall be deemed subsidiary or ancillary to the objects or powers mentioned in any other sub-clause, but the Company shall have full power to exercise all or any of the powers and to achieve or to endeavour to achieve all or any of the objects conferred by and provided in any one or more of the said sub-clauses.

Provided always that, as long as any of the shares of the Company are beneficially owned by any person (legal or natural) who is not a resident of any one of the EU Member States and/or the Republic of Cyprus, the Company will not do any business within the Republic

except with the permission of the appropriate Government Authority and subject to the conditions of such permission.

- 4. The liability of the members is limited.
- 5. The share capital of the Company is GBP1,00 divided into 1 ordinary share of GBP1,00 each, with power to issue any shares of the capital, either the original or the increased together with any or with the reservation of any preferential, special or limited rights or conditions in relation to dividends, the payment of capital, the voting right or otherwise.

TRANSLATED
TRUE COPY
Georgios Triffarides

THE COMPANIES LAW, CAP, 113

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

GLOBE INVEST LIMITED

INTERPRETATION

1. In these regulations :-

"Cyprus"

means the Republic of Cyprus

"the Law"

means the Companies Law, Cap. 113 or any Law substituting

or amending same

"the seal"

means the common seal of the Company

"the Secretary"

means any person appointed to perform the duties of the

secretary of the Company.

Expressions referring to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photography, and other modes of representing to reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Law or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these regulations become binding on the Company.

TABLE "A" EXCLUDED

Subject as hereinafter provided, the provisions contained in part I of Table A
of the First Schedule to the Companies Law Cap. 113 (hereinafter called
"Table A") shall apply to this Company.

- 2(a). It is understood that when and as long as the company has one and sole member the following shall apply:
 - The Regulations that are included in Part I of Table A as amended hereinbelow shall apply (with the exception of Regulations 24, 53 111 (a) and 112 which shall not apply at all).
 - (ii) The Company is a private company and has one and sole member.
 - (iii) The sole member of the Company carries out all the powers of the general meeting under the present Law, provided always that the decisions that will be taken by this member in general meetings will be recorded in minutes or will be made out in writing.
 - (iv) The contracts concluded between the sole member and the Company are recorded in minutes or are made out in writing uless they relate to current affairs of the Company that are concluded under the normal circumstances.

INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS

- 3. The Company is a private company and accordingly:-
 - (a) the right to transfer shares is restricted in manner hereinafter prescribed;
 - (b) the number of members of the Company (exclusive of persons who are in the employment of the Company and of persons who having been formerly in the employment of the Company were while in such employment and have continued after the determination of such employment to be members of the Company) is limited to fifty. Provided that where two or more persons hold one or more shares in the Company jointly they shall for the purpose of this regulation be treated as a single member;
 - (c) any invitation to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the Company is prohibited;
 - (d) the Company shall not have power to issue share warrants to bearer.

BUSINESS

 The Company shall pay all preliminary and other expenses and enter into, adopt or carry into effect and take over or continue (with such modifications, if any, as the contracting parties shall agree and the board of directors shall approve), any agreement or business or work reached or carried on (as the case might be) prior to incorporation, as the Company may decide. The Company's decision-making, management, business and administration shall be conducted by the Company's directors as, in their absolute discretion think fit, and shall be independent from its member(s). The Company's member(s) shall effectively be the Company's financial supporter(s) and in the form of shareholder(s) loans or equity or otherwise procure that the Company has the necessary finacial resources to support its operations (including but not limited to the operation of the Company's subsidiaries) as the Board of Directors of the Company may from time to time request.

SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS

- 5. The shares shall be at the disposal of the Company which may by ordinary resolution allot or otherwise dispose of them, subject to regulation 3, and to the provisions of the next following regulation, to such persons at such times and generally on such terms and conditions as they think proper, provided that no shares shall be issued at a discount, except as provided by section 56 of the Law.
- 6. Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting any original shares for the time being unissued and not allotted and any new shares from time to time to be created shall, before they are issued, be offered to the members in proportion, as nearly as may be, to the numbers of shares held by them. Such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the person to whom the offer is made that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Company may, subject to these regulations, dispose of the same in such manner as it thinks most beneficial to the company. The Company may, in like manner, dispose of any such new or original shares as aforesaid, which, by reason of the proportion borne by them to the number of persons entitled to such offer as aforesaid or by reason of any other difficulty in apportioning the same cannot in the opinion of the company be conveniently offered in manner hereinbefore provided.
- 7. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any existing shares or class of shares, any shares in the company may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise as the Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution determine.

- 8. Subject to the provisions of section 57 of the Law, any preference shares may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution, be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the Company are liable, to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the Company before the issue of the shares may be special resolution determine.
- 9. If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of shares of that class) may, whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of the class. To every such separate general meeting the provisions of these regulations relating to general meetings shall apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one-third of the issued shares of the class and that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll.
- 10. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.
- 11. The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by section 52 of the Law, provided that the rate per cent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by the said section and the rate of commission shall not exceed the rate of 10 per cent of the price at which the shares in respect whereof the same is paid are issued or an amount equal to 10 per cent of such price (as the case may be). Such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other. The Company may also on any issue of shares pay such brokerage as may be lawful.
- 12. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any shares upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share or (except only as by these regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

- 13. Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled without payment to receive within two months after allotment or lodgement of transfer (or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall prove) one certificate for all his shares or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment of GBP0.10, for every certificate after the first or such less sum as the directors shall from time to time determine. Every certificate shall be under the seal of the Company and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid up therein. Provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.
- 14. If a share certificate be defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on payment of a fee of GBP0.10 or such less sum and on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of out-of-pocket expenses of the company of investigating evidence as the directors think fit.
- 15. The Company shall not give, whether directly or indirectly, and whether by means of a loan, guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise, any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a purchase or subscription made or to be made by any person of or for any shares in the Company or in its holding company nor shall the Company make a loan for any purpose whatsoever on the security of its shares or those of its holding company, but nothing in this regulation shall prohibit transactions mentioned in the proviso to section 53 (1) of the law.

LIEN

- 16. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of that share. The company shall also have a first and paramount lien on all shares standing registered in the name of a single person for all moneys presently payable by him or his estate to the company; but the directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this regulation. The company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividends payable therein.
- 17. The Company may sell, in such manner as the directors think fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable, and only after until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing, stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is

presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share, or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or bankruptcy.

- To give effect to any such sale the directors may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser hereof. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.
- The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the Company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as in presently payable, and the residue, if any shall (subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

- 20. The directors may from time to time make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times, and each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen days notice specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the Company at the time or times and place so specified the amounts called on his shares. A call may be revoked or postponed as the directors may determine.
- 21. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorising the call was passed and may be required to be paid by instalments.
- 22. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.
- 23. If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the sum from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate not exceeding 8 per cent per annum as the directors may determine, but the directors shall be at liberty to waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.

- 24. Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall for the purposes of these regulations be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which the terms of issue the same becomes payable. In case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these regulations as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable to virtue of a call duly made and notified. The directors may on the issue of shares, differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.
- 25. The directors may, if they think fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him and upon all or any of the moneys so advanced may (until the same would, but for such advance, become payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding (unless the Company in general meeting shall otherwise direct) 5 per cent per annum, as may be agreed upon between the directors and the members paying such sum in advance.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

- 26. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.
- 27. Subject to such of the restrictions of these regulations as may be applicable, any member may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing in any usual or common form or any other form which the directors may approve.
- 28. The directors may decline to register the transfer of a share to a person of whom they shall not approve, and they may also decline to register the transfer of a share on which the company has a lien.
- 29. The directors may also decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless:
 - (a) a fee of GBP0.10 or such lesser sum as the directors may from time to time require is paid to the company in respect thereof;
 - (b) The instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the directors

may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and

- (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.
- 30. If the directors refuse to register a transfer they shall, within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the company, send to the transferee notice of the refusal.
- 31. The registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the directors may from time to time determine, provided always that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days in any year.
- 32. The company shall be entitled to charge a fee not exceeding C 0.10 cents on the registration of every probate, letters of administration, certificates of death or marriage, power of attorney, or other instrument.
- 33. Regulations 26 and 27 shall be read subject to the provisions of regulation 34.
- 34. (a) For the purposes of this regulation, where any person is unconditionally entitled to be registered as the holder of a share he and not the registered holder of such share shall be deemed to be a member of the Company in respect of that share.
 - (b) Except as hereinafter provided no shares in the Company shall be transferred unless and until the rights of pre-emption hereinafter conferred shall have been exhausted.
 - (c) Every member who desires to transfer any share or shares (hereinafter called the "vendor") shall give to the Company notice in writing of such desire (hereinafter called "transfer notice"). Subject as hereinafter mentioned, a transfer notice shall constitute the Company the vendor's agent for the sale of the share or shares specified therein (hereinafter called the said "shares") in one or more lots at the discretion of the directors to the members other than the vendor at the price to be agreed upon by the vendor and the remaining members of the Company, or, in case of difference or no such agreement, at the price which the auditor of the Company for the time being shall, by writing under his hand, certify to be in his opinion the fair value thereof as between a willing seller and a willing buyer. A transfer notice may contain a provision that unless all the shares comprised therein are

sold by the Company pursuant to this regulation, none shall be so sold and any such provision shall be binding on the Company.

- (d) If the auditor is asked to certify the fair price as aforesaid, the Company shall, as soon as it received the auditor's certificate, furnish a certified copy thereof to the vendor and the vendor shall be entitled, by notice in writing given to the Company within ten days of the service upon him of the said certified copy, to cancel the Company's authority to sell the said shares. The cost of obtaining the certificate shall be born by the Company unless the vendor shall give notice of cancellation as aforesaid in which case he shall bear the said cost.
- (e) Upon the price being fixed as aforesaid and provided the vendor shall not give notice of cancellation as aforesaid the Company shall forthwith by notice in writing inform each member, other than the vendor and other than members holding employees' shares only, of the number and price of the said shares and invite each such member to apply in writing to the Company within twenty-one days of the date of dispatch of the notice (which date shall be specified therein) for such maximum number of the said shares (being all or any thereof) as he shall specify in such application.
- If the said members shall within the said period of twenty-one days apply for all or (except where the transfer notice provides otherwise) any of the said shares, the directors shall allocate the said shares (or so many of them as shall be applied for as aforesaid) to or amongst the applicants and in case of competition pro rata (as nearly as possible) according to the number of shares in the Company (other than employees' shares) of which they are registered or unconditionally entitled to be registered as holders, provided that no applicant shall be obliged to take more than the maximum number of shares specified by him as aforesaid; and the Company shall forthwith give notice of such allocations (hereinafter called an "allocation notice") to the vendor and to the persons to whom the shares have been allocated and shall specify in such notice the place and time (being not earlier than fourteen and not later than twenty-eight days after the date of the notice) at which the sale of the shares so allocated shall be completed.
- (g) The Vendor shall be bound to transfer the shares comprised in an allocation notice to the purchasers named therein at the time and place therein specified; and if he shall fail to do so, the chairman of the Company or some other person appointed by the directors shall

be deemed to have been appointed attorney of the vendor with full power to execute, complete and deliver, in the name and on behalf of the vendor, transfers of the shares to the purchasers thereof against payment of the price to the Company. On payment of the price to the Company the purchaser shall be deemed to have obtained a good quittance for such payment and on execution and delivery of the transfer the purchaser shall be entitled to insist upon his name being entered in the register of members as the holder by transfer of the shares. The Company shall forthwith pay the price into a separate bank account in the Company's name and shall hold such price in trust for the vendor.

- (h) During the six months following the expiry of the said period of twenty-one days referred to in paragraph (e) of this regulation, the vendor shall be at liberty, (subject nevertheless to the provisions of regulation 28) to transfer to any person and at any price (not being less than the priced fixed under paragraph (c) of this regulation) any share not allocated by the directors in an allocation notice. Provided that, if the vendor stipulated in his transfer notice that unless all the shares comprised therein were sold pursuant to this regulation, none should be so sold, the vendor shall not be entitled, save with the written consent of all the other members of the Company, to sell hereunder only some of the shares comprised in his transfer notice.
- (i) Any share may be transferred by a member to the spouse, child or remoter issue or parent, a brother or sister of that member or to a company beneficially owned or controlled by such member and any share of a deceased member may be transferred by his personal representatives to any widow, widower, child or remoter issue or parent, brother or sister of such deceased member. Shares standing in the name of the trustees of any deceased member may be transferred upon any change of trustees to the trustees for the time being of such will; and where the member is a body corporate any share may be transferred by such member to its subsidiary or holding company or to a company controlled by such holding company. The rights of pre-emption hereinbefore conferred in this regulation shall not arise on the occasion of any such transfer or transfers as aforesaid and regulation 28 shall be read subject to this paragraph.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

35. In case of the death of a member the survivor or survivors where the deceased was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the

deceased where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.

- 36. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the directors and subject as hereafter provided, elect either to be registered himself as holder of the shares or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof, but the directors shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as they would have had in the case of a transfer of the share by that member before his death or bankruptcy, as the case may be.
- 37. If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered himself, he shall deliver or send to the company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects. If he shall elect to have another person registered he shall testify his election by executing to that person a transfer of the share. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer was a transfer signed by that member.
- 38. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company. Provided always that the directors may at any time give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days the directors may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable in respect of the share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

39. If a member fails to pay any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the directors may at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of such amount of the call or instalment as in unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued.

- 40. The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
- 41. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may at any time, thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the directors to that effect.
- 42. A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors think fit, and at any time before a sale or disposition, the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fit.
- 43. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding, remain liable to pay to the company all moneys which, at the date of forfeiture, were payable by him to the company in respect of the shares but his liability shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares.
- 44. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a director or the secretary of the company, and that a share in the company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. The company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposition thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of and he shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share, and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.
- 45. The provision of these regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK

- 46. The company may by special resolution convert any paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.
- 47. The holders of stock may transfer the same, or any part thereof, in the same manner, and subject to the same regulations, as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might previously to conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit; and the directors may from time to time fix the minimum amount of stock transferable but so that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.
- 48. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the company and other matters as if they held the shares from which the stock arose. But no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
- 49. Such of the regulations of the company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and "shareholder" therein shall include "stock" and "stockholder".

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

- 50. The company may from time to time by special resolution increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as the resolution shall prescribe.
- 51. The company may by special resolution:
 - (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
 - (b) subdivide its existing shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum of association subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of section 60 (I) (d) of the Law;
 - (c) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.

52. The company may by special resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve fund or any share premium account in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised, and consent required, by Law.

GENERAL MEETINGS

- 53. The Company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year, and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it. Not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the company and that of the next. Provided that so long as the company holds its first annual general meeting within eighteen months of its incorporation, it need not hold it in the year of its incorporation or in the following year. The annual general meeting shall be held at such time and place as the directors shall appoint.
- 54. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
- 55. The directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting. Extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on such requisition, or, in default, may be convened by such requisitionists, as provided by section 126 of the Law. If at any time there are not within Cyprus sufficient directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any director or any two members of the company may convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the directors.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

An annual general meeting and a meeting called for the passing of a special resolution shall be called by twenty-one days' notice in writing at the least. The rest general meetings of Company shall be called by fourteen days' notice in writing at the least. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given. The notice shall specify the place, the day and the hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business and shall be given, in manner hereinfater mentioned or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the company in general meetings to such persons as are, under the regulations of the company, entitled to receive such notices from the company; provided that a meeting of the company shall, notwithstanding that is called by shorter notice than that specified in this regulation, be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed:

- in the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- (b) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together holding not less than 95% in nominal value of the shares giving that right
- 57. The accidental omission to give notices of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice, shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 58. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, and the reports of the directors and auditors, the election of directors in the place of those retiring and the appointment of, and the fixing of the remuneration of, the auditors.
- 59. No business shall be transacted in any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; save as herein otherwise provided, two members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum.
- 60. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved; in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place as the directors may determine, and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the members present shall be a quorum.
- 61. The Chairman, if any, of the board of directors shall preside as chairman at every general meeting of the company. If there is no such chairman, or if he shall not be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or is unwilling to act the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- 62. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as chairman or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the

meeting, the members present shall choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

- 63. The chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place; but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at any adjourned meeting.
- At any general meeting any resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded;
 - (a) by the chairman; or
 - (b) by at least two members present in person or by proxy; or
 - (c) by any member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
 - (d) by a member or members holding shares in the company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right. Unless a pool be so demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn.
- 65. Except as provided in regulation 68, if a poll is duly demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

- 66. In case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting shall not have a casting vote.
- 67. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time as the chairman of the meeting directs, and any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

- 68. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, on a show of hands every member present in person shall have one vote, and on a poll every member shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder.
- 69. In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders; and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.
- 70. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any Court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by the administrator of his property, his committee, receiver or curator bonis appointed by that Court. Any such administrator, committee, receiver, curator, bonis or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
- 71. No member shall be entitled to vote in any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.
- 72. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
- 73. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy.
- 74. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or, if the appointer is a

corporation, either under seal, or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised. A proxy need not be a member of the company.

75. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the registered office of the company or at such other place within Cyprus as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, at any time before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, at any time before the time appointed for the taking of the poll. In default to the above provisions the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as

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This form is to be used in favour of /* against the resolution. Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote as he thinks fit.

/* Strike out whichever is not desired.

- 78. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.
- 79. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed of the transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer as aforesaid shall have been received by the company at the office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.
- 80. Subject to the provisions of the Law, a resolution in writing signed by all members for the time being entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at general meetings (or being corporations by their duly authorised representatives) shall be as valid and effective as if the same had been passed at a general meeting of the company duly convened and held. Any such resolution may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more of the Members or their attorneys, and signature in the case of a corporate body which is a Member shall be sufficient if made by a Director or other authorized officer thereof or its duly appointed attorney.

CORPORATION ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES AT MEETINGS

81. Any corporation which is a member of the company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the company or of any class of members of the company, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the company.

DIRECTORS

- 82. The number of the members of the Board of Directors shall be determined from time to time by the company in General Meeting. The number of the members of the Board of Directors shall be one or more and there is no maximum number of members unless the Company shall decide defferently in General Meeting. The number of the first Directors of the company shall be appointed in writing by the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association or a majority of them and it shall not be necessary to hold any meeting for that purpose. The Board of Directors shall consist of executive and non-executive independent directors in such a number/proportion that will meet good corporate governance requirements.
- 83. The remuneration of the directors shall from time to time be determined by the company in general meeting. Such remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. The directors may also be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the directors or any committee of the directors or general meetings of the company or in connection with the business of the company.
- 84. The shareholding qualification for directors may be fixed by the company in general meeting, and unless and until so fixed no qualification shall be required.
- 85. A director of the company may be or become a director or other officer of, or otherwise interested in, any company promoted by the company or in which the company may be interested as a shareholder or otherwise, and no such director shall be accountable to the company for any remuneration or other benefits received by him as a director or officer of, or from his interest in, such other company unless the company otherwise direct.

BORROWING POWERS

86. The directors may exercise all the powers of the company to borrow money, and to charge or mortgage its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the company or of any third party.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

- 87. The business of the company shall be managed by the directors at their absolute discretion. The directors are responsible for managing and administrating the Company, including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing and/or limitation any matters relating to subsidiaries and support (financial or other) of subsidiaries' operations, assets acquisition or disposal, as in their absolute discretion deem fit. The directors may pay all expenses incurred in promoting and registering the Company, and may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not, by the Law or by these regulations required to be exercised by the Company in general meeting, subject, nevertheless to any of these regulations, to the provisions of the Law and to such regulations, being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions as may be prescribed by the company in general meeting but no regulation made by the company in general meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made. The directors shall exercise their duties and manage the Company as they, in their absolute discretion and independently from the Company's member(s) deem fit. The Directors fiduciary durties are owed to the Company as a whole, and not to individual members, creditors, employees, etc. who, subject to the general rights granted them by law or these Regulations, have no say to the Company's management or decisionmaking.
- 88. The directors may, from time to time, grant authority (revoke or amend such authority), as in their absolute discretion deem fit, to the Company's CEO/Co-CEOs or other officers to conduct business for and on behalf of the Company as such persons deem appropriate provided such business is within a preapproved by the directors amount cap. The person being granted such authority will not be required to obtain any further directors' approval inconducting business within the scope of the authorisation. However, any such business shall be reported by the said person, in the form of an update, to the following Board of Directors meeting. Such authorisations shall be recorded in respective Board Minutes or Written Resolution. The directors may also from time to time and at any time by power of attorney appoint any company, firm or person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the directors, to be the attorney of attorneys of the company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretion (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the directors under these regulations) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretion vested in him.

- 89. The company may exercise the powers conferred by section 36 of the Law with regard to having an official seal for use abroad, and such powers shall be vested in the directors.
- 90. The company may exercise the powers conferred upon the company by sections 114 to 117 (both inclusive) of the Law with regard to the keeping of a dominion register, and the directors may (subject to the provisions of those sections) make and vary such regulations as they may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.
- 91. (1) A director who is anyway, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or proposed contract with the company shall declare the nature of his interest at a meeting of the directors in accordance with section 191 of the Law.
 - (2) A director may vote in respect of any contract or proposed contract or arrangement notwithstanding that he may be interested therein and if he does so his vote shall be counted and he may be counted in the quorum at any meeting of the directors at which any such contract or proposed contract or arrangement shall come before the meeting for consideration.
 - (3) A director may hold any other office or place of profit under the company (other than the office of auditor) in conjunction with his office of director for such period and on such terms (as to remuneration and otherwise) as the directors may determine. No director or intending director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the company either with regard to his tenure of any such other office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or otherwise. Nor shall any such contract, or any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the company in which any director is in any way interested be liable to be avoided. Nor shall any director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the company for any profit realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such director holding that office or of the fiduciary relation thereby established.
 - (4) Any director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the company, and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a director, provided that nothing herein contained shall authorise a director or his firm to act as auditor to the company.

- 92. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange, and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.
- 93. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose:
 - (a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors;
 - of the names of the directors present at each meeting of the directors and of any committee of the directors;
 - of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the company, and of the directors, and of committees of directors.

PENSIONS

94. The directors may grant retirement pensions or annuities or other gratuities or allowances, including allowances on death, to any person or persons in respect of services rendered by him or them to the company whether as managing directors or in any other office or employment under the company or indirectly as officers or employees of any subsidiary, associated or allied company of the company notwithstanding that he or they may be or may have been directors of the company. The company may make payments towards insurances, trusts, schemes or funds for such purposes in respect of such person or persons and may include rights in respect of such pensions, annuities and allowances in the terms of engagement of any such person or persons.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

- 95. The office of director shall be vacated if the director:
 - (a) ceased to be a director by virtue of section 176 of the Law; or
 - (b) becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangements or composition with his creditors generally; or
 - (c) becomes prohibited from being a director by reason of any order made under section 180 of the Law; or
 - (d) becomes of unsound mind; or

(e) resigns his office by notice in writing to the company

APPOINTMENT OF ADDITIONAL DIRECTORS AND REMOVALS OF DIRECTORS

- 96. The directors shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint any person to be a director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing directors, but so that the total number of directors shall not at any time exceed the number fixed in accordance with these regulations. Any director so appointed shall hold office, only until the next following annual general meeting, and shall then be eligible for re-election.
- 97. The company may by ordinary resolution, of which special notice has been given in accordance with section 136 of the Law, remove any director before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these regulations or in any agreement between the company and such director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the company.
- 98. At any time, and from time to time, the company may (without prejudice to the powers of the directors under regulation (96) by ordinary resolution appoint any person a director and determine the period for which such person is to hold office.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 99. The directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings, as they think fit and questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. A director may, and the secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time summon a meeting of the directors. It shall be necessary to give a 96 hour notice of a meeting of directors to any director for the time being absent from Cyprus who has supplied to the company a registered address situated outside Cyprus. All Board and Committee meetings shall take place anywhere in Cyprus or anywhere else abroad.
- 100. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors, and unless so fixed shall be two directors or their alternates.

- The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to the regulations of the company as the necessary quorum of directors, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that number, or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purposes.
- 102. The directors may elect a chairman of their meeting and determine the period for which he is to hold office; but if no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- 103. The directors may delegate any of their powers to a committee or committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit; any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the directors, as to its powers, constitution, proceedings, quorum or otherwise.
- 104. A committee may elect a chairman of its meetings; if no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the members present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- 105. Subject to any regulations imposed on it by the Directors, a committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper and questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present.
- 106. All acts done by any meeting of the directors or of a committee of directors or by any person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such director or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.
- 107. A resolution in writing signed or approved by letter, telegram, telex or fax by each director or his alternate shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors duly convened and held. When signed may consist of several documents each signed by one or more of the persons aforesaid.

- 108. The Board may conduct meetings (and each Director is entitled to attend meetings) by telephone or video conference or by any other means which will enable each Director:
 - 108.1. to hear (or otherwise receive real-time communications made by) each of the other Directors participating in the meeting, and
 - 108.2. to address (or otherwise communicate in real time with) all of the other Directors participating in the meeting simultaneously.

even if all the Directors are not physically present in the same place.

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- 109. (a) Each director shall have power from time to time to nominate another director or any person, not being a director, to act as his alternate director and at his discretion to remove such alternate director.
 - (b) An alternate director shall (except as regards power to appoint an alternative director and remuneration) be subject in all respect to the terms and conditions existing with reference to the other directors, and shall be entitled to receive notices of all meetings of the directors and to attend speak and vote at any such meeting at which his appointer is not present.
 - (c) One person may act as alternate director to more than one director and while he is so acting shall be entitled to a separate vote for each director he is representing and, if he is himself a director, his vote or votes as an alternate director shall be in addition to his own vote.
 - (d) An appointment or removal of an alternate director may be made by telex, cable, telegram or telefax or in any other manner approved by the directors. Any telex, cable, telegram or telefax shall be confirmed as soon as possible by letter but may be acted upon by the company meanwhile.
 - (e) If a director making any such appointment as aforesaid shall cease to be a director otherwise than by reason of vacating his office at a meeting of the company at which he is re-elected, the person appointed by him shall thereupon cease to have any power or authority to act as an alternate director.

- (f) A director shall not be liable for the acts and defaults of any alternate director appointed by him.
- (g) An alternate director shall not be taken into account in reckoning the minimum or maximum number of directors allowed for the time being but he shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning whether a quorum is present at any meeting of the directors attended by him at which is entitled to vote.

MANAGING DIRECTOR

- 110. The directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to the office of managing director for such period and on such terms as they think fit, and, subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case, may revoke such appointment. A director so appointed shall not, whilst holding that office, be subject to retirement by rotation or be taken into account in determining the rotation of retirement of directors. His appointment shall be automatically determined if he ceases from any cause to be a director.
- 111. A managing director shall receive such remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission or participation in profits, or partly in one way and partly in another) as the directors may determine.
- 112. The directors may entrust to and confer upon a managing director any of the powers exercisable by them upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they may think fit, and either collaterally with or the exclusion of their own powers and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

SECRETARY

- 113. The secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.
- 114. No person shall be appointed or hold office as secretary who is:
 - (a) the sole director of the company; or
 - (b) a corporation the sole director of which is the sole director of the company; or

- (c) the sole director of a corporation which is the sole director of the company
- 115. A provision of the Law or these regulations requiring or authorising a thing to be done by a director and the secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, the secretary.

THE SEAL

116. The director shall provide for the safe custody of the seal, which shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of the directors authorised by the directors in that behalf. Every instrument to which the seal shall be affixed shall be signed by a director and shall be countersigned by the secretary or by a second director or by some other person appointed by the directors for the purpose.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVE

- 117. The company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the directors.
- 118. The directors may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to the directors to be justified by the profits of the company.
- 119. No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits.
- 120. The directors may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as they think proper as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the directors, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the company be properly applied, and pending such application may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the directors may from time to time think fit. The directors may also without placing the same reserve carry forward any profits which they may think prudent not to divide.
- 121. Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividend, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but no amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as paid on the

share. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

- 122. The directors may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money (if any) presently payable by him to the company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the company.
- 123. Any general meeting declaring a divident or bonus may direct payment of such dividend or bonus wholly or partly by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid up shares, debentures or debenture stock of any other company or in any one or more of such ways and the directors shall give effect to such resolution, and where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the directors may settle the same as they think expedient. In particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the directors.
- 124. Any dividend, interest or other moneys payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named in the register of members or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. Any one of two or more joint holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends, bonuses, or other moneys payable in respect of the shares held by them as joint holders.
- 125. No dividend shall bear interest against the company.

ACCOUNTS

- 126. The director shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to:
 - (a) all sums of money received and expended by the company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure takes place;

- (b) all sales and purchases of goods and/or services and or any other assets by the company, and
- (c) the assets and liabilities of the company.

Proper books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of accounts as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs and to explain its transactions.

- 127. The books of account shall be kept at the registered office of the company, or, subject to section 141 (3) of the Law, at such other place or places as the directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the directors.
- 128. The directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extend and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of members not being directors. No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or documents of the company except as conferred by statue or authorised by the directors or by the company in general meeting.
- 129. The directors shall from time to time, in accordance with sections 142, 144 and 151 of the Law, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the company in general meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as are referred to in those sections.
- 130. A copy of every balance sheet (including every documents required by law to be annexed thereto) which is to be laid before the company in general meeting, together with a copy of the auditors report shall not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of the company and to every person registered under regulation 37. Provided that this regulation shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person of whose address the company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any shares or debentures.

CAPITALIZATION OF PROFITS

131. The company in general meeting may upon the recommendation of the directors resolve that is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution, and according that such sum be set free for distribution, amongst

the members who would have been entitled thereto if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions on condition that the same be not paid in cash but be applied either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively or paying up on full unissued shares or debentures if the company to be allotted, distributed and credited as fully paid up to and amongst such members in the proportion aforesaid, or partly in the one way and partly in the other, and the directors shall give effect so such resolution. Provided that a share premium account and a capital redemption reserve fund may, for the purposes of this regulation, only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the company as fully paid bonus shares.

132. Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed the directors shall make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares or debentures, if any. The Directors generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto, with full power to the directors to make such provisions by the issue of fractional certificates or by payments in cash or otherwise as they think fit for the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions and also to authorise any person to enteron behalf of all the members entitled thereto into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively credited as fully paid up, or any further shares or debentures to which they may be entitled upon such capitalization, or (as the case may require) for the payment up by the company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of the profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares, and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members.

AUDIT

133. Auditors shall be appointed and their duties are regulated in accordance with sections 153 to 156 (both inclusive) of the Law.

NOTICES

134. A notice may be given by the company to any member either personally or by sending it by post to him or to his registered address, or (if he has no registered address within Cyprus) to the address, if any, within Cyprus supplied by him to the company for the giving of notice to him. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying, and posting a letter containing the notice,

and to have been effected in the case a notice of a meeting at the expiration of 24 hours after the letter containing the same is posted, and in any other case at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

- 135. A notice may be given by the company to the joint holders of a share by giving the notice to the joint holders first named in the register of members in respect of the share.
- 136. A notice may be given by the company to the persons entitled to a share in consequent of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustees of the bankrupt, or by any like descriptions, at the address, if any, within Cyprus supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.
- 137. Notice of every general meeting shall be given in any manner hereinbefore authorised to:
 - (a) every member except those members who (having no registered address within Cyprus) have not supplied the company an address within Cyprus for the giving of notices to them:
 - (b) every person upon whom the ownership of a share devolved by reason of his being a legal personal representative or a trustee in bankruptcy of a member where the member but for his death or bankruptcy would be entitled to receive notice of the meeting; and
 - (c) the auditors for the time being of the company.

No other person shall be entitled to receive notices of general meetings.

WINDING UP

138. If the company shall be wound up the liquidator may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Law, divide amongst the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the company (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and may, for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how

such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

INDEMNITY

139. Every director or other office for the time being of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of his duties including liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings whether civil or criminal in which judgement is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under section 383 of the Law in which relief is granted to him by the Court. No director or officer of the company shall be liable for any loss, damage or misfortune which may happen to or be incurred by the company in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto. But this clause shall only have effect in so far as its provisions are not avoided by section 197 of the Law.

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FOR REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

Stamp Duty €20.00

COMPANY LAW, CAP. 113.

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Company Number HE 398781

Notification for unification, distribution, subdivision, redemption or cancellation of shares, conversion of shares and reconversion of capital percentage in shares.

In accordance with article 61.

Company Name

GLOBE INVEST LIMITED

To the Company's Registrar

With this present form, notification is given that:

The Nominal and Issued Capital of the Company GLOBE INVEST LIMITED are converted by Special Resolution dated 10.08.2019, as follows:

Nominal Capital:

From GBP £1,00 divided into 1 ordinary share of nominal value GBP £1,00 to Euro €1,00 divided into 1 ordinary share of nominal value Euro €1,00.

Issued Capital:

From GBP £1,00 divided into 1 ordinary share of nominal value GBP £1,00 to Euro €1,00 divided into 1 ordinary share of nominal value Euro €1,00.

Sole Shareholder:

TEDDY SAGI - 1 ordinary share of nominal value Euro €1,000

Signature

Name and Address for Correspondence

Name FIDUSERVE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

Address Καυκάσου 9, TREPPIDES TOWER, 4^{∞} όροφος, Διαμ. 401, Αγλαντζιά,

Post Code 2112

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Telephone

22 418200

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Πρωτοκολλητής



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GLOBE INVEST LIMITED

(HE 398781)

At an Extraordinary General Meeting, duly held on the 13th day of August 2020, the following Special Resolution was passed:-

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

"That the Authorized Share Capital of the Company be increased from €1.00 (One Euro) divided into 1.00 (One) Ordinary Share of par value of €1.00 (One Euro) each, to €155,526,133 (One Hundred Fifty Five Million Five Hundred Twenty Six Thousand One Hundred Thirty Three Euro) divided into 155,526,133 (One Hundred Fifty Five Million Five Hundred Twenty Six Thousand One Hundred Thirty Three Euro) Ordinary Shares of par value of €1.00 (One Euro) each".

We hereby confirm that the above is a true copy of the Special Resolution of the Company GLOBE INVEST LIMITED (HE 398781) dated 13 August 2020.

The Secretary

FIDAPPOINT SECRE

Per its Director Ms Katia Constantinou

AADI:

Date: 13 August 2020

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TRUE COPY
Georgios Triftarides
TOR REGISTRAR OF COMPANIE

10/04/2021

GLOBE INVEST LIMITED

(HE 398781)

At an Extraordinary General Meeting, duly held on the 31st day of December 2020, the following Special Resolution was passed:-

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

"That the Authorized Share Capital of the Company be increased from €155,526,133 (One hundred Fifty-Five Million Five Hundred Twenty-six Thousand One Hundred Thirty-Three Euro) divided into 155,526,133 (One hundred Fifty-Five Million Five Hundred Twenty-six Thousand One Hundred Thirty-Three Euro) Ordinary Shares of par value of €1.00 (One Euro) each, to €334,680,607 (Three Hundred Thirty-Four Million Six Hundred Eighty Thousand Six Hundred Seven Euro) divided into 334,680,607 (Three Hundred Thirty-Four Million Six Hundred Eighty Thousand Six Hundred Seven Euro) Ordinary Shares of par value of €1.00 (One Euro) each".

We hereby confirm that the above is a true copy of the Special Resolution of the Company GLOBE INVEST LIMITED (HE 398781) dated 31 December 2020.

The Secretary

FIDAPPOINT SECRETARIAL LIMITED

Per its Director Ms Thekla Christofi

Date: 31 December 2020

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GLOBE INVEST LIMITED

(Company No.: HE 398781)

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

«It was resolved that the Articles of Association of the company be substituted enclosed Articles of Association»

It is hereby certified that the above is a true copy of the Special Resolution of the Company dated the 19th day of February 2021.

Nicosia, 19th February 2021

THE SECRETARY

FIDAPPOINT SECRETARIAL LIMITED

Per its Director Ms Katia Constantinou

Date:19 February 2021

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